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Marshal KIM IL SUNG Is "Most Outstanding Leader of World Revolution"

Article by All India Janatantra Party Chairman

THE EVENING VIEW, organ of the All India Janatantra (Democratic) Party, in Delhi, India, in its April 15 issue, devoted all its four pages to the 58th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who is peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander, and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

On its front page, THE EVENING VIEW printed respectfully a photo of Marshal Kim Il Sung and an article under the title "Most Outstanding Leader of World Revolution," prepared by Chairman P. L. Lakhanpal of All India Janatantra Party and Editor-in-Chief of THE EVENING VIEW.

On page 3 of the same issue Chairman P.L. Lakhanpal authored a poem entitled "EPIC OF COMRADE KIM IL SUNG."

The following is the article "Most Outstanding Leader of World Revolution":

Comrade Kim Il Sung, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, whose 58th birthday is being celebrated by socialists and revolutionaries throughout the world today is the greatest living socialist theoretician and administrator of all times and the most outstanding Leader of the world revolution today.

His is an endearing, ennobling and inspiring personality indeed. Few in world history have left a greater impress on human thought for all times to come as Comrade Kim Il Sung. Few have had greater achievements to their credit in such short time as he. He represents the finest and the noblest in man, the most efficient and effective in an administrator, the best and the most outstanding in a revolutionary and a military commander, and the greatest and all-pervading genius in a thinker.

History is yet to present a greater or more composite personality. He is not only the hero of the twentieth century but one of the greatest heroes of all times.

I had the privilege to spend five weeks in Korea last year. During the course of my stay I had occasion to visit numerous places in the country including Mangyongdae where he was born on Apr. 15, 1912 at a time when Korea writhed in pain and agony under the brutal, tyrannical regime of the Japanese imperialists, who again in concert with the American imperialists are menacing the peace and prosperity of the whole region and also Panmunjom which stands as a living testimony to the outstanding genius of Comrade Kim Il Sung as a military commander for inflicting a crushing defeat on the Americans and smashing to pieces the myth of their invincibility. I also saw Shinchun which stands as a monument to the brutalities and war crimes committed by the Americans during the Fatherland Liberation War which would put to shame the crimes and brutalities committed by the Nazis during the World War II. While the Nazis were tried for war crimes at Nuremberg the American war criminals have maneouvred to escape such an ordeal.

No other leader in world history has ever succeeded in transforming a backward, poverty-stricken country into one of the world's most highly-advanced and prosperous states in a brief span of 25 years since independence as has done Comrade Kim Il Sung. To him belongs the distinction of having established world's first socialist paradise on earth today. Revolutionary writers and journalists from 90 countries of the world gathered at the International Conference on the Tasks of Journalists of the Whole World in Their Fight against the Aggression of U.S. Imperialism in Pyongyang in September 1969 and people I met in the USSR, France, England, Switzerland and Greece before returning to India all agreed on the fact. They all agreed that Comrade Kim Il Sung is the most respected and beloved Leader of not only 40 million Koreans but all revolutionary and socialist people of the world. He is one of those rare leaders in history who belong to no one country but to the whole world and whose influence lasts for no particular period but for all times to come.

Socialist Paradise on Earth

Korea is truly a socialist paradise on earth today. Nature has endowed it with exquisite beauty and charm. It is a country as beautiful and in a way even more, as Kashmir with similar climate, landscape, fauna and flora but with one major difference. There is no poverty and unhappiness in Korea. There is no unemployment, there is no lack of education and medical care, there is no crime, and there are no failures in Korea. Apart from beautiful hills, mountains, rivers and lakes Korea also has a calm, serene, beautiful sea. The Koreans partake of the beauty and nobility of their land. It is a land rich in art and culture and a civilization which is among the oldest in the world. It was the first to develop and use metal types for printing in the world over 700 years ago. It was the first to develop metal-covered vessels. History of Korea is history of Koreans' valiant struggle against foreign aggressors, and their devotion to development of their art and culture in their own way. They have greatly enriched the world thought and civilization. But the contribution made by them under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung excels the contribution made by them during several centuries.

Mangyongdae, 12 kilometres west of Pyongyang, the birthplace of Comrade Kim Il Sung and the cradle of not only Korean but world revolution is a beautiful little place. Here was born Comrade Kim Il Sung on Apr. 15 1912 into Mr. Kim Hyong Jik and Mother Kang Ban Sok, as their eldest son. Few families in the world can claim a more illustrious record of struggle in defence of the fatherland than the family of Comrade Kim Il Sung who was named as Song Ju as a child.

He was the 12th generation descendant of Mr. Kim Kye Sang whose family moved to Daedong County towards the close of the 16th century. His great grandfather Kim Eung U moved to Mangyongdae and took part in organizing sinking of the U.S. pirateship "General Sherman" in 1866. Grandfather Kim Bo Hyon of the Marshal devoted his life to assisting his grandsons in the independence movement. Mr. Kim Hyong Jik founded the Korean National Association on Mar. 23, 1917 and gave the country its first militant organization to fight against the Japanese aggressors. He was jailed for a year and then moved to the north to carry on his activity as a medical man to provide a cover for his independence movement. Mother Kang Ban Sok was an ideal mother and a devoted and loyal colleague of her husband. She reared Comrade Kim Il Sung with love and affection.

Comrade Kim Il Sung inherited patriotism and valour in his blood. He was a loving, dutiful son, hardworking and devoted to his studies, active in games and loyal to his friends. Right from the childhood, he displayed great fortitude and courage and crossed the Amrok River at the age of 14. Comrade Kim Il Sung's brother Chol Ju and his uncle Kim Hyong Kwon both lost their lives in prison fighting for their motherland. Comrade Kim Hyong Jik also died a martyr's death. This long illustrious record of patriotic service in the cause of liberation of the motherland remains unrivalled in a single family anywhere. Poverty and hardships failed to crush the spirit of the members of Comrade Kim Il Sung's family, they instead infused them with new vigour and hatred against the imperialistic system and capitalistic exploitation.

Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army

On Apr. 25, 1932 Comrade Kim Il Sung founded the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army, the first Marxist-Leninist revolutionary armed force of the Korean people. This was the culmination of his expounding the Juche-motivated lines of Korean revolution—anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution; anti-Japanese armed struggle; united anti-Japanese national front; and founding of the Korean Communist Party. The 15-year struggle waged by the anti-Japanese armed guerrillas constitutes a saga of valour and great military genius of Comrade Kim Il Sung. The tactics evolved by him are highly instructive for guerrillas for all times. He became the dread of the Japanese. Each guerrilla was a match for thousand. The very mention of the name of Kim Il Sung sent quivers down the Japanese spines. The tales of valour and ingenious tactics of battle evolved by him continue to inspire the Koreans till today.

On Oct. 10, 1945, a united Marxist-Leninist Party, the first of its kind in Korea, was founded by Comrade Kim Il Sung, as the general staff of revolution. He then led the people to organize the people's committees in localities and set up the North Korean Provisional People's Committee, a new type of government, in February 1946. This was followed by the North Korean People's Committee, the first government of proletarian dictatorship in Korea, in February 1947. The Korean People's Army was founded on Feb. 8, 1948 and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was founded in September 1948 when the Korean revolution became a success to a great extent.

Trade Unions Set Up

Comrade Kim Il Sung also organized the trade unions, the Agricultural Working People's Union, the Socialist Working Youth League, and the Democratic Women's Union, thus bringing into existence the machinery of dictatorship of the proletariat.

As a unit of the system of proletarian dictatorship, the Party fulfilled its function of leadership and the power organs played their role successfully as the economy organizer and culture-educator while exercising suppression on the class enemy. Being the transmission belts of the Party, the working people's organization fulfilled their role with credit as ideological educators whose duty is to enlist the working people in socialist construction and revolutionize and working-classize them.

Lands of the landlords were confiscated without compensation and distributed free to the landless and poor peasants in a short time of 20-odd days.

Then was made the Law on the Nationalization of Major Industries in order to make use of the country's major means of production for independent development of the national economy.

Besides the Labour Law and Law on the Equality of the Sexes to assure full democratic freedom and rights for the working people, were promulgated and democratization of the judicial administration and education accomplished.

When the U.S. imperialists provoked their puppet Syngman Rhee to launch a war of aggression on Jun. 25, 1950, the Koreans fought back valiantly to defend their fatherland under the great leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung and inflicted a crushing defeat on them in the end on Jul. 27, 1953.

The Americans said that it would take Korea 100 years to overcome the effects of the destruction of the war. But to everybody's surprise this was accomplished in a matter of just three and a half years. And then began the new Five-Year Plan to turn Korea into the most advanced socialist paradise on earth. By the time the DPRK celebrated its 20th anniversary the feat was not only accomplished but recognized by all.

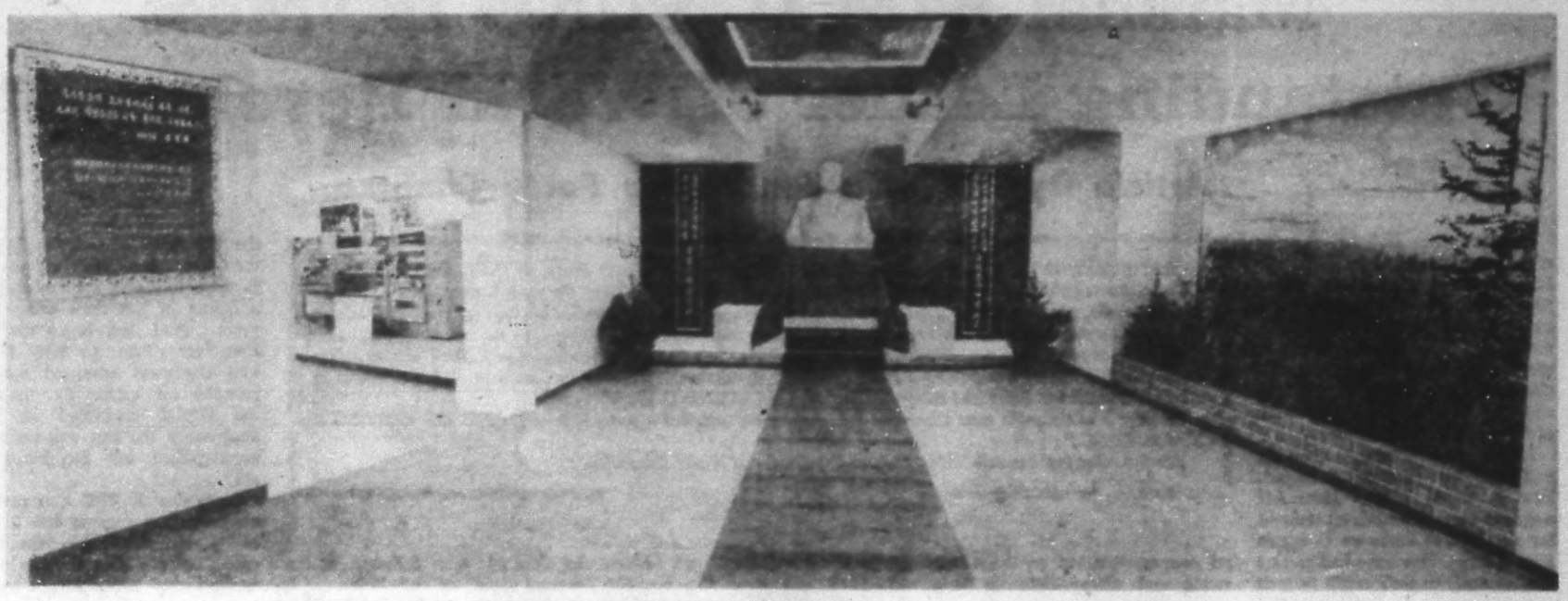
September 7, 1968 also marked an important date in the history of world socialism. On that date Comrade Kim Il Sung made a report which may rightly be treated as the Communist Manifesto of the Mid-Twentieth Century. It is to be read with as deep interest and care by all revolutionaries as the Communist Manifesto published by Marx and Engels in 1848.

Juche

Juche is the most outstanding contribution made to the socialist thought by Comrade Kim Il Sung. Probably every language in the world is richer by the addition in it of this Korean word. Juche, in Comrade Kim Il Sung's words means living by one's own sense and strength. The revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence propounded by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a line which merits to be adopted by all independent socialist governments of the world to make their independence a reality and achieve the tasks of national construction. Comrade Kim Il Sung's views on the tasks of the dictatorship of the proletariat are the most scientific and correct views on the subject. His stress on revolutionization and working-classization of the entire society to accomplish socialist revolution is a great contribution to the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism. That no socialist or Communist Party can be an inferior or superior party and that each party must be left free to carry on its tasks at home in the manner it deems best after objective and subjective assessment of the situation and there should be no interference in the internal affairs of any country sets the most correct lines for relationship between socialist and communist countries and their parties and consolidation of the socialist camp. His line to advance world liberation and revolutionary struggles provides inspiration for all revolutionaries and spells early doom of world imperialism. In particular deserves to be noted his advice to all small countries to gather together and strike in concert blows at the world imperialism of which U.S. imperialism is its chieftain and tear off its limbs everywhere. His exposure of the nefarious designs of the world imperialism and Japanese imperialism specially in the course of his congratulatory address at the World Journalists Conference in Pyongyang has earned him the gratitude of all freedom-loving people of the world. His success in eliminating bureaucratic outlook from among the functionaries of the State in Korea is a unique and historic achievement in the world today. The system of education evolved in Korea also merits study and adoption by all.

D.P.R.K. Merchandise Show Opens under

With Attendance of Noted Japanese Personages,



A general view of the No. 1 room of the exhibition hall showing the greatness of the revolutionary ideas of the sun of the nation Marshal Kim Il Sung and his history of revolutionary struggle

The opening ceremony of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Merchandise Show (May 15-October 31) was held on May 14 at the Korean Hall of Commerce and Industry, Tokyo in Japan.

The DPRK Commodities' Exhibition was opened at a time when all the CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) workers and all the Korean compatriots in Japan have been bringing about innovations in the work of CHONGRYUN in order to greet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the 15th birthday of CHONGRYUN with higher political zeal and greater work success.

They are all upholding the programmatic teachings given in the New Year congratulatory telegram of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Ten national flags of the DPRK were seen to flutter in the wind on the roof of the eight-story Korean Hall of Commerce and Industry. A eight-story-high picture of the Chollima Statue stood in front of the building. The Chollima Statue is a symbol of the mettle of the Korean people who, commanded by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of revolution and construction, are dashing like the wind, effecting upsurges and leaps in the socialist revolution and construction.

The current DPRK Commodities' Exhibition, sponsored by the Tonghe Trading Co., Ltd. is a result of the kindred solicitude and affection of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, that is more concerned about children of his living separated than those near him.

Taking part in the opening ceremony were Chairman Han Duk Su, vice-Chairmen Li Kye Back, Kim Byong Sik, Yun Bong Ku, Jong Jae Pil, of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, and its other committeemen.

Also present were responsible workers of central organizations affiliated with CHONGRYUN and its member enterprises, and chairmen of prefectural headquarters of CHONGRYUN.

All the people present were filled with boundless thanks and adoration for Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people who always led the Korean people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, and who took fatherly care of Korean citizens in Japan, lighting the road for them to follow. This great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung has offered them a good opportunity to have firsthand look at the brilliant achievements scored in the socialist economic construction by the people of the fatherland through this first Commodities' Exhibition ever held in Japan.

At 10:30 a.m., Chairman Han Duk Su cut the tape amid the stormy applause of the people present.

Led by Chairman Han Duk Su, all the people looked around the exhibition hall.

The first item of the exhibition was a plaster bust of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the Korean nation.

The visitors absorbedly listened to the guide speaking about the glorious history of revolutionary struggle of Marshal Kim Il Sung, his wise leadership and lofty virtues. Marshal Kim Il Sung has led the Korean people to victory and glory, to happiness and prosperity, for more than 40 years, carrying on his shoulders the destiny of the fatherland and the nation. He has built the fatherland into a prospering socialist power with a powerful independent national economy.

They looked at over 4,800 commodities of 200 kinds. On display are: machines, cutting tools, minerals, building materials, embroideries, light industrial products, foodstuffs, luxuries, fabrics, cosmetics, instruments. All the exhibited goods are totally Korean in technology, material and processing.

The opening ceremony was followed by a news conference given by Chairman Han Duk Su. Present at the press conference were reporters of Akahata (red flag), the Kyodo News Agency, Jiji News Service, Asahi Shimbun, Tokyo Shimbun, Chugoku Shimbun, Hokkaido Shimbun, NHK Broadcasting Cooperation, Nikkan Kogyo Shimbun, Dempa News Service, Kikanshi News Service, Labour News, Textile Shimbun. A reporter of the USSR Tass News Agency was also present.

Chairman Han Duk Su pointed out that Korea was once a backward agricultural country under the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism, and even some insignificant Korean factories were destroyed by the Japanese imperialists when they were defeated.

During the three years of the

(Continued on page 3)

A night view of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Merchandise Show with a huge picture of the Chollima Statue and with 10 national flags of the DPRK fluttering on the roof of the exhibition hall

Chairman Han Duk Su, Chairman Tomomi Narita of the Japan Socialist Party and foreign visitors looking at the exhibited goods

Warm Care of Marshal KIM IL SUNG

Diplomats and Other Guests from 20 Countries

(Continued from page 2)

Korean War, the U.S. imperialist aggressors ruthlessly devastated the whole of the country, but Marshal Kim Il Sung built the socialist system there, wholly reconstructing the country, and successfully converted Korea into a powerful socialist country with a reliable independent national economy, he said.

He told the press conference that the DPRK today domestically produces 92.8 per cent of all the necessary machines for the domestic economy, and exports machines in large quantities. Utilizing its abundant resources and advanced technology, the DPRK domestically produces machine tools, motor cars, electric locomotives, big vessels, 6,000-ton presses and all the other necessary facilities for construction of factories.

After the news conference, the Japanese and foreign visitors inspected all the displayed commodities.

Among them were Soviet Ambassador to Japan, Oleg Aleksandrovich Troyanovsky; Cuban Charge d'Affaires, Francisco Ramirez de Arellano; Polish Ambassador to Japan, Zygmunt Furtak; Hungarian Ambassador to Japan, Karoly Szigeti; Czechoslovak Ambassador to Japan, Rudolf Kozusnik; Romanian Ambassador to Japan, Iosif Gheorghiu.

Mrs. Natcho Papazova, wife of the Bulgarian Ambassador to Japan, was also present.

Mrs. Mercedes S. de Rodriguez, wife of the Mexican Ambassador to Japan, was also present.

Seen were visitors from China, the UAR, Indonesia, Yemen, Singapore, France, Great Britain, Australia, Peru and so on.

Among Japanese visitors were: Tomomi Narita, Chairman of the Japan Socialist Party; Yukari Murakami, Chairman of the Central Control Committee of the Japan Communist Party; Yasuyuki Okimoto, Diet Member of the Clean Government Party; Kanji Okazawa, Diet Member of the Democratic Socialist Party; Tokuma Utsunomiya, Diet Member of the Liberal-Democratic Party; Kazuo Asukada, Mayor of Yokohama city.

That day, a total of 1,200 Korean, Japanese and foreign guests visited the DPRK Commodities Exhibition.

The foreign visitors stood still, their eyes nailed on the plaster bust of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who is the peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

They were shown an embroidery which depicted the parental house of Marshal Kim Il Sung in Mangyongdae, a picture of sacred Mt. Baekdu, illumining his revolutionary history as the mountain of revolutionary traditions and as the mountain demonstrating the revolutionary mettle of the Korean people, models of the Monument to the Victory of the Bochonbo Battle and the Chollima Statue. They were also shown works authored by Marshal Kim Il Sung. These reminded the foreign visitors of his more than 40 years' glorious history of revolutionary struggle, his wise leadership and lofty virtues.

They felt their heart filled with boundless adoration for Marshal Kim Il Sung who has given clear-cut answers to all the problems arising in the international communist movement and working-class movement as a great Marxist-Leninist of our time and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution.

They all with great interest looked at all the 4,800 commodities on exhibit on the Korean Hall of Commerce and Industry.

Unreserved praise was showered upon the Korean people on their impressive results in their socialist economic construction, the feats scored under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung. They realized that under the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism the Korean people could not make even a needle or screw; Korea was devastated in the three-year-long Korean War imposed upon by the U.S. imperialist aggressors. But the same people have come to domestically produce a great variety of industrial goods from sophisticated machine tools to daily necessaries, in a matter of 20 years.

A banquet was arranged in honour of the opening of the "Exhibition of Commodities from the DPRK."

Present at the banquet were Chairman Han Duk Su, vice-Chairmen Li Kye Baek and Jong Jai Pil and other CHONGRYUN responsible workers.

Chairman Han Duk Su made a speech at the banquet.

(His speech is printed above)

He proposed a toast.

The banquet proceeded from beginning to end in a friendly atmosphere.

Speech by Chairman Han Duk Su At Banquet

I, in the name of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, express my deep thanks to many Japanese friends and foreign guests of various countries in Japan for participating in the opening ceremony of the "Exhibition of Commodities from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea."

I, together with you extremely rejoice over the fact that this time the "Exhibition of Commodities from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea" has opened under the sponsorship of the Tonghe Trading Company.

The "exhibition" shows the part of successes achieved in all the domains of socialist construction of our country under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people. Shown in the "exhibition" are about 4,800 articles of 200 kinds such as products of machine-building industry, minerals, metallic products, handicraft articles and daily necessaries.

Our country which was a backward colonial agricultural state in the past has been turned into an advanced socialist industrial-agricultural state with its firm foundations for independent national economy, and is now called "Country of Chollima" and "Fatherland of *Juche*" by the peoples of various countries.

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea is turning out machine tools and other products in the main with its materials and techniques and the living standards of the people are being raised with each passing day.

Such great results scored by our country in a very short space of time are entirely due to the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and his wise guidance.

While consolidating the self-sustaining national economy, our country has consistently worked hard to develop economic relations with various countries of the world on the basis of reciprocity and equality.

At present, our country has established diplomatic and economic relations with more than 70 countries of the world and its trade with Japan is developing with each passing year.

It fully accords with the peoples of the two countries to develop economic exchange between our country and Japan which are near to each other geographically.

But the Japanese Government is placing artificial obstacles in the way of promotion of economic exchange between Korea and Japan, issuing from its hostile policy towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Japanese Government is refusing by all means the entry into Japan of the representatives of trade and technicians of the Republic, and enforcing political discrimination against it over the question of deferred payment of plant export and other problems.

Moreover, the Japanese Government, holding the "Expo' 70" under the signboard of "harmony and progress of mankind," has not invited there our country, nearest to Japan.

We could not bring in many commodities to this "exhibition" because of the obstruction on the part of the Japanese Government. And many restrictions were imposed on us in connection with the preparation of hall and other questions.

We insist that such unfriendly policies of the Japanese Government towards the DPRK should be corrected.

We are happy to hold this "exhibition" with the support of broad sections of the Japanese people, despite the Japanese Government's obstruction.

I conclude my speech, hoping that the "exhibition" will greatly contribute to furthering economic and cultural exchange between Korea and Japan, the Japanese people's deepening of the understanding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and strengthening amity and friendship between the peoples of Korea and Japan.

Foreign Visitors Praise

Soviet Ambassador O.A. **Troyanovsky** speaking about the DPRK exhibition, remarked: Korea remained in a backward state, reduced to a colony by Japanese imperialism. But, the things have fundamentally changed.

Korea has developed into an admirable industrial state under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

This exhibition demonstrates to the world the shining results the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has achieved.

All the goods on display are excellent.

The development in Korea's machine building is surprising. Korea's ceramics and embroideries are indeed beautiful and have a high artistic quality. Their workmanship is quite impressive.

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea's Merchandise Show, the first Korean exhibition ever held in Japan, will become a fine chance of giving correct information about Korea.

Polish Ambassador to Japan, **Zygmunt Furtak** said:

I have often heard about the fraternal Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Through this exhibition, I have clearly realized that Korea has made great progress as a socialist country.

In the past, Korea was a backward agricultural country.

Under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, Korea has been developed from an undeveloped agricultural country into an advanced industrial-agricultural country.

Today, Korea domestically produces different kinds of machines including modern machine tools.

On display here are part of these great achievements.

The displayed machines and minerals have impressed me greatly.

The show is wonderful and quite spectacular.

Czechoslovak Ambassador to Japan, **Rudolf Kozusnik** made the following statement:

In my country I have been told about the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on many occasions. On some occasions, I witnessed the results in Korea in my own eyes.

With great interest I have inspected all the items on exhibit one by one. This showed that Korea has achieved a high level of technology.

I wish your merchandise show great success.

Jorge Rivas, Commercial Counsellor of the Cuban Embassy, remarked:

We warmly congratulate the current exhibition and sincerely hope that it will score greater success.

The exhibited goods, in particular machine tools are extremely excellent and have many uses. Indeed, they all are high-performance machines.

Many Korean-made machine tools are used in Cuba, and Korean engineers are helping the Cuban people with sincerity.

Premier Kim Il Sung who has led the Korean people to produce such fine industrial products is the outstanding Leader standing at the head of the 20th century.

Director General of the Arab League Office in Tokyo. **Mohamed Salah Eldin Farid** said:

The show has greatly impressed me. It is very instructive, I believe.

I have a strong desire to visit the Democratic People's Republic of Korea under the command of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung.

When I have looked at a great variety of high-quality products manufactured by the DPRK, I felt I had to change my understanding of Korea fundamentally.

Hernowo Asmanoe, Counsellor of the Indonesian Embassy, said:

So far, I thought that Korea was a backward agricultural country. But today's show told me that I was quite mistaken. Korea is an advanced industrial state.

The machine tools have a particularly high technological level. This is the first big machine show I have ever seen in Japan.

Mrs. Mercedes S. de Rodriguez, wife of the Mexican Ambassador, said: This exhibition is my first occasion to witness the development of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

I have never thought Korea has reached such high level of technology. The technique of textile industry is very high.

It is an eye-opener to me to know that Korea supplies its people with such colorful clothes. Korean development is now demonstrated.

Henry Di-Donna, Vice-Director of the General Office of the French State Broadcasting Corporation said:

I have been deeply impressed by the Korean show. I have never

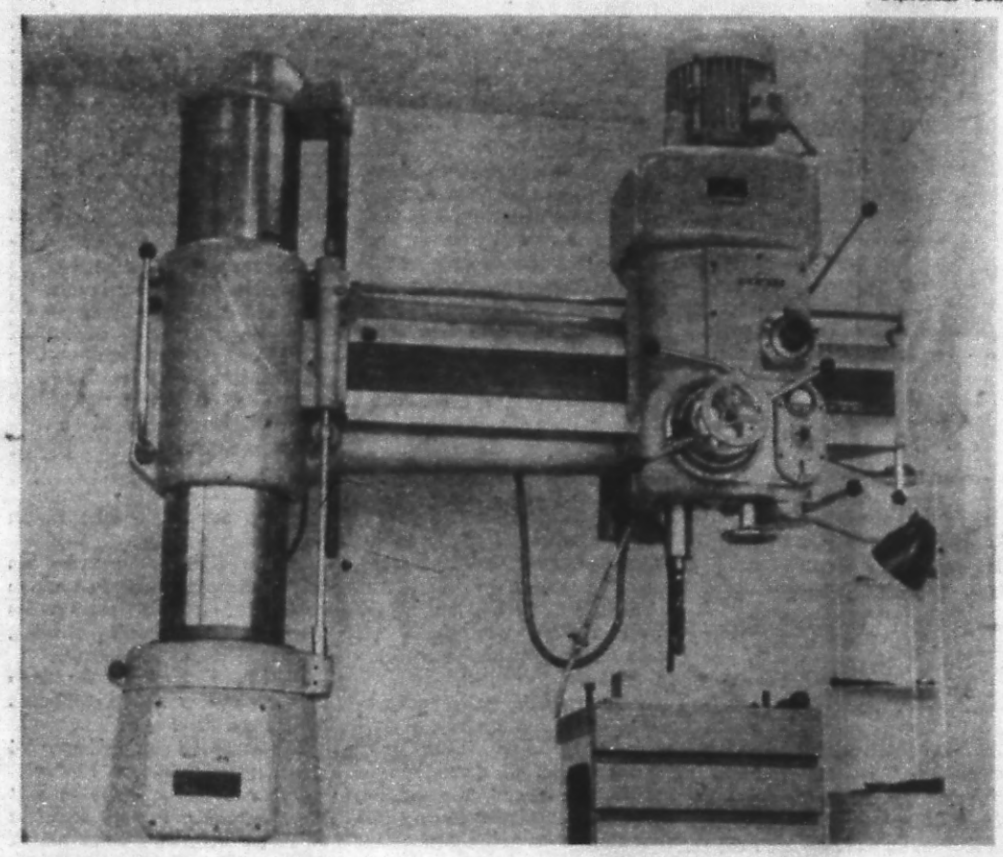
(Continued on page 4)

A banquet was held on May 14 at the Korean Hall of Commerce and Industry in honour of the opening of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Merchandise Show. Many noted Japanese personages and visitors from 20 countries attended it.

Exhibition Proudly Shows Vitality of

Soviet Ambassador to Japan Oleg Aleksandrovich Troyanovsky inspecting the exhibition

Cuban Charge d'Affaires Francisco Ramirez de Arellano (first from left) looking at a Universal Center Lathe Model "S 1-250"



Radial Drilling Machine Model "B 2-40": This is one of up-to-date machine tools exported in quantities from Korea. The machine is ideal for drilling, core-drilling, reaming and tapping the workpieces of various shapes in single or serial production as well as for machining hole edge and end face. It can also do boring operation with the aid of jigs.

High-speed Universal Lathe "Kusong No.1": This is automated and has high productivity.

(Continued from page 3)

imagined I would have such a chance to witness the fine Korean commodities in Japan. This is my frank impression.

In particular, the displayed machines are all modern and excellent.

Korean ceramics are extremely delicate, graceful and beautiful. Their workmanship is striking.

These displayed porcelain indicate that Korea has a long history and high technique in ceramics.

Tomomi Narita, Chairman of the Japan Socialist Party, made the following statement:

The fact that the first Democratic People's Republic of Korea's Merchandise Show has been opened in a big way in Tokyo has a great significance.

On display are many commodities. Among them machine tools captured my attention.

This is a proof that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has attained a high level of technology.

The rich national colours of the handicraft articles and modern industrial art works imprinted a deep impression on me.

The guiding line of Premier Kim Il Sung of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence is manifested in every item on exhibit.

This makes the people desirous of visiting the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

As made clear in the JAL "Yodo" incident, it is the Sato Cabinet that makes Korea a distant country.

We have resolved to make more efforts to deepen the friendly relations between the Japanese and Korean peoples.

Zenmei Matsumoto, Diet member of the Japan Communist Party, said:

I am greatly pleased to see such a splendid commodities' show has been held in Japan. I want to extend my heartfelt respects and congratulations to the people concerned.

Last year, I visited the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. I feel that a bigger exhibition must be held in order to know better the development of the DPRK. The hostile policy of the Sato Government has brought many obstacles in its way, preventing from exhibiting DPRK-made machines and other goods though they have already arrived in Japan. It is entirely unjustifiable.

These displayed commodities, limited in number, will provide

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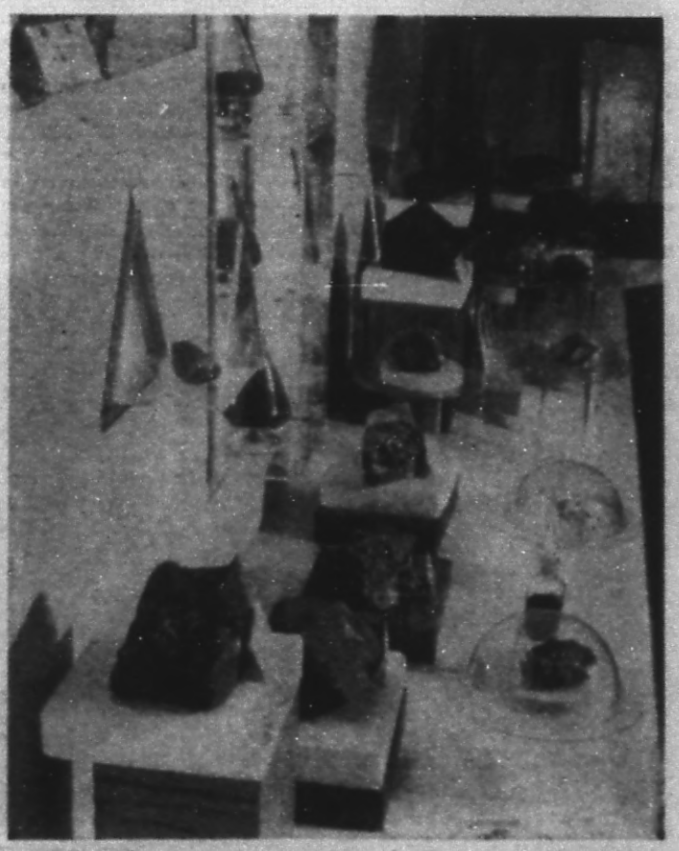


Minerals: Korea is called the "specimen room of minerals" since in Korea deposits of over 320 species of minerals have been confirmed.

Great Juche Ideas of Fatherly Leader

(Continued from page 4)

the Japanese people with better information about the DPRK which is dashing forward at the speed of Chollima.

I am confident that this show will serve to deepen friendship and promote economic, cultural exchange and normalization of state relations between the two countries.

Tokuma Utsunomiya, Diet member of the Liberal Democratic Party, said:

A big meaning must be attached to the holding of such a magnificent commodities show.

The recent "airliner hijacking incident" once again revealed the abnormal relations existing between Japan and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

I feel that it is high time for us to normalize the relations with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The progress in the industry and agriculture of the DPRK which is dashing forward under the banner of self-reliance is a source of surprise. It is now internationally accepted.

It is quite natural that although they are part of the DPRK goods, the goods on display have received high evaluation.

As clearly evidenced in the comments of the foreign visitors, they strongly envied the Korean people who have produced such impressive results in the socialist economic construction, upholding the great *Juche* ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, their great Leader, while flying at the speed of Chollima speed.

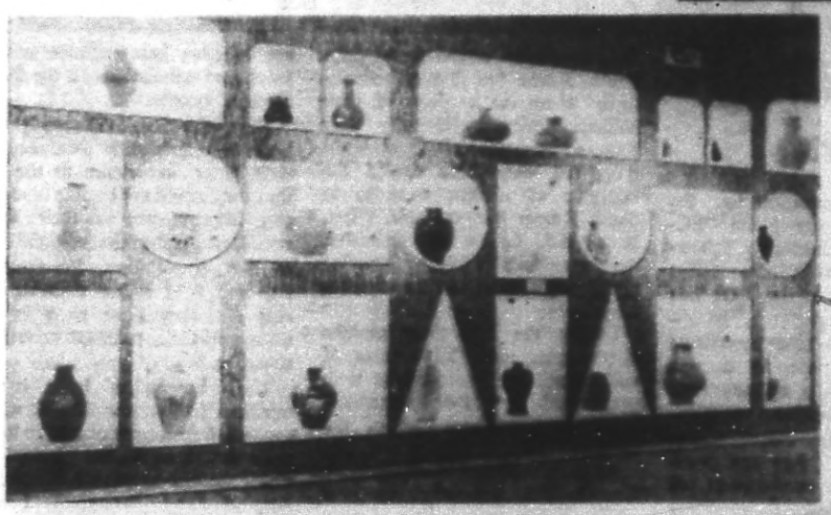
The current exhibition is one of the major activities to greet the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, the 25th anniversary of the Liberation of the Fatherland and the 9th Congress of CHONGRYUN.

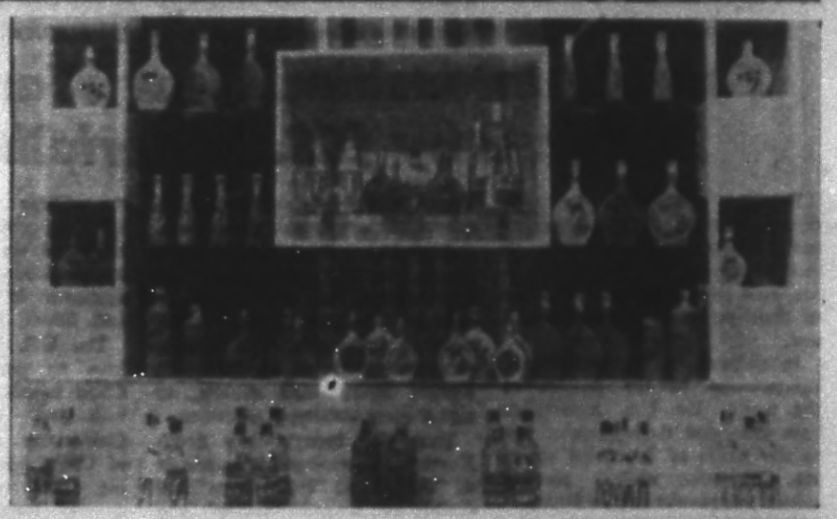
Above: The DPRK domestically produces 98.2 per cent of all the necessary machines for its national economy. Many machines are exported. Photo: High-performance machine tools

Right: The Korean people are supplied with 50 metres of Korean-made high-quality cloth full of colours per head while the preLiberation figure was 14 centimetres.

Below: Korea is a major exporter of excellent ceramic wares.

Right below: On display are world-famous Korean ginseng products which are exported in large quantities.





Korean embroideries are internationally known for their great beauty. Portrayed in embroideries are natural scenes of Korea and the glorious struggle of the Korean people. Korean women's workmanship is superb.

301st MAC Meeting:

DPRK Side Bitterly Denounces War Provocative Acts of U.S. Imperialists

KAESONG, May 15. (KCNA)—The 301st meeting of the Military Armistice Commission is now in session at Panmunjom at the request of our side.

At the meeting our side lodged a strong protest with the enemy side against the criminal acts perpetrated by the U.S. imperialist aggressors recently again in infiltrating their armed spies into the area of our side in succession with a view to spying out our state and military secrets against various provocative acts perpetrated by the beasts against our side in the Demilitarized Zone, creating tension there, and against the recent hostile provocative acts committed by them by infiltrating their military aircraft into the air space of our side, in gross violation of the provisions of the armistice agreement, and called the enemy side to account for these acts.

According to the protest made by Major General Li Choon Sun, Senior Member of our side, at the meeting, the U.S. imperialist aggressors on Apr. 27 infiltrated their armed spy An Pan Sik into the area of our side with various kinds of lethal weapons and espionage apparatuses on a mission of spying out our state and military secrets.

Earlier, from Apr. 11 to Apr. 25, the U.S. imperialist aggressors infiltrated a large number of armed spies into the area of our side.

But all these armed spies were either captured alive or shot to death by sentinels of our People's Army before having time to carry out their mission of espionage and subversion given by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Displaying before the enemy photos showing the miserable looks of the armed spies who had been captured alive or shot to death by our side before having time to carry out the espionage mission given by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and lethal weapons and espionage apparatuses carried by these bandits, the Senior Member of our side stated that all these undeniable personal and material evidences glaringly show that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are the very war-mongers running about madly to provoke a new war of aggression in Korea and the arrant criminals who stoop to any infamy to spy out our state and military secrets and the sworn enemy of the Korean people.

According to the statement made by Major General Li Choon Sun, Senior Member of our side at the meeting the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated recently again a criminal act by illegally introducing into the Demilitarized Zone tanks, armoured cars and 106.7 mm mortars and guns of various calibres.

According to the protest and denunciation by the Senior Member of our side, the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated a grave hostile provocative act by firing more than 10,000 rounds of heavy weapon ammunitions at posts of our side for nearly one hour at around 23 hours on Apr. 29.

But the provocateurs had to pay a proper price for them when the sentinels of our People's Army returned a powerful and merciless fire.

Besides, the U.S. imperialist aggressors ceaselessly committed the hostile acts of firing a lot of bullets and shells into the area of our side and along the Military Demarcation Line from various heavy weapons including 81 mm mortars and automatic weapons illegally introduced into the Demilitarized Zone.

And the U.S. imperialist aggressors infiltrated a pack of armed bandits into the area of our side on May 8, for an armed attack on our side.

But, these armed bandits took to flight in haste when they were spotted by the vigilant sentinels of our People's Army.

The Senior Member of our side stressed that all these facts clearly show how desperately the U.S. imperialist aggressors are trying to invent a pretext for the provocation of a war of aggression in the Demilitarized Zone, while raising large-scale military rackets in South Korea.

According to the statement of Major General Li Choon Sun, Senior Member of our side, at the meeting, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army perpetrated the hostile act of sending a military air plane into the air space of our side at around 10 hours on Apr. 19.

And the U.S. imperialist aggressors committed the grave hostile act of infiltrating two "F-5 A" supersonic fighter-bombers into the air above our side twice at around 3 hours 46 minutes and 4 hours 6 minutes on May 4.

It is clear to everyone, the Senior Member of our side stressed, that the U.S. imperialist aggressors' recent intrusion into the air space was a deliberated hostile act meticulously planned and prepared beforehand and was part of the machinations for the provocation of a new war which the enemy was illegally stepping up.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors have the intention to observe the armistice agreement and if they do not want to suffer again such miserable defeat and shame as in the past, they should apologize to our side for the afore-said successive, illegal infiltration of their military aircraft into the air space of our side and punish according to the provisions of the armistice agreement the prime movers who organized and commanded this hostile provocative act and all the criminals involved in it and take responsible measures lest such gross violations of the armistice agreement should be committed again, he stressed.

KCNA Issues Statement

On Hampered Return Home Of DPRK Embassy Staff In Cambodia

PYONGYANG, May 9 (KCNA)—The Korean Central News Agency was authorized to state as follows:

As already reported, the Ambassador and the whole staff of the Embassy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in Cambodia intended to leave Phnom Penh on May 7 to return home. But, the Phnom Penh authorities illegally detained the Ambassador and the whole staff of the Embassy of our country under the preposterous pretext that before the staff of the Cambodian Embassy in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea returned to Camdodia, the staff of the Embassy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will not be allowed to leave Phnom Penh.

This is a move designed by the Phnom Penh authorities to prevent the staff of our Embassy from returning home in pursuance of a sinister political aim and a crude act trampling underfoot even the elementary norms of international law and international practice.

It is a question entirely belonging to the sovereignty of every sovereign state to withdraw its missions abroad.

For the Ambassador and the staff of the Embassy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in Cambodia to leave Phnom Penh on the instruction of their country is their right and no one is allowed to hamper this.

As for the question of the return home of the staff of the Cambodian Embassy in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, there was no restriction or hindrance whatever.

The whole staff of the Cambodian Embassy in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea left the Democratic People's Republic of Korea already on May 7, ensured convenience so that they could return to Cambodia according to their request.

Nevertheless, the Phnom Penh authorities assert that they can not allow the staff of the Embassy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to leave till the staff of the Cambodian Embassy who have already left for their country. This is an absurd assertion and entirely unjust act.

The Phnom Penh authorities must give up such unreasonable stand running counter to international law and international usage and ensure that the Ambassador and the whole staff of the Embassy of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in Cambodia can leave Phnom Penh without delay.

Sharply Intensified New War Plots In Korea by U.S. Imperialism

Entering this year, true to their true nature, the U.S. imperialists have made frantic efforts to seek a way out of their approaching ruin by continually clinging to their policy of aggression and war.

In defiance of the protest and denunciation of the peoples of the world, the U.S. imperialists have expanded the aggressive war to the whole of Indochina covering Cambodia, while running amuck to provoke war in Korea.

Accelerating the preparations for war in South Korea the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi gang have continued to sharpen further the tension in Korea to the extreme.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said:

"...The situation of our country is very complicate and tense today. The U.S. imperialists play with fire almost every day against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, making the situation extremely acute."

From the start of the year, the scoundrels, putting up the slogan, "perfection of the wartime mobilization system," stirred up the war atmosphere and put the puppet army structure on a "war footing" and committed all the available human and material resources to the military purpose with thoroughness. They went so far as to revise the puppet "military service law" and strengthened the drafting organ in order to drag more youth and middle-aged into the puppet army. They also worked hard to arm the whole reserve forces and conduct military training of college students and high school students (senior and junior).

According to South Korean newspapers, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges Pak Jung Hi clique recently handed 37,680 loaded rifles to 628 senior high schools, or three-quarters of all the South Korean senior high schools, to give military training to students.

They also brought into South Korea two fighter-bomber squadrons of "F-5Bs" and "F-Phantoms" and dozens of aircraft "C-33s" and many other war materials, to reinforce the weaponry of the puppet army. Military exercises have been carried out on every occasion, aimed at the northern half of the DPRK.

To take recent examples, the scoundrels carried out "a given area operation training," "an emergency mobilization exercise" and "ROK-U.S. joint spring landing operation," together with many countless war games. From Apr. 28 to May 1, a war game was staged, dubbed "B Map Exercise," under the pretext of "major emergency attack."

The appearance of Nixon as a new boss of U.S. imperialism led to the further intensification of the new war provocations in Korea by the U.S imperialist aggressors.

This is clearly seen in these incidents: "Focus Retina," a long-distance airlift operation, designed to airlift military personnel and military materials from the U.S. mainland to South Korea; the intrusion of the territorial waters of the DPRK by the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo"; the military provocation by the U.S. imperialist spy plane "EC-121" and the immediately following assembling of U.S. imperialist aggressive forces in the East Sea and South Korea.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors have an open plan to convert Cheju Island into a military base with an aggressive mission. Clamouring about "development of Cheju Island," they are pressing ahead with construction of military installations there. Even the Japanese militarists are actively invited to take part in the aggression on Korea.

Their military preparations are accompanied by unending military provocations against the northern half of the DPRK from the ground, from the air and from the sea. During the past year alone, the scoundrels made more than 10,000 violations of the armistice agreement, all the hostile actions conducted against the northern half. This figure is an unmistakable proof to their aggressive design.

This sharp increase is the main feature of their military activities in South Korea following the announcement of the so-called "U.S.-Japan joint statement."

The joint statement showed that U.S. imperialism picked up Japanese militarism as the "shock-brigade" in its Asian aggression covering Korea and noisily clamoured for "de-Americanization in Asia" in a bid to whitewash their aggressive desire. On Jan. 18 last, however, the U.S imperialist State Secretary raved that they had no intention to withdraw their aggressor armed forces from South Korea but planned to reinforce them, as a part of their heinous policy to intensify their Korean aggression.

So far, they have denied the existence of nuclear weapons in South Korea. But, on Mar. 1 last, in a U.S. Senate subcommittee, the scoundrels willingly revealed the deployment of nuclear weapons there.

During the first three months of the year, over 2,100 cases of various military provocations were perpetrated by the scoundrels against the northern half of the DPRK.

All these facts graphically bespeak that the U.S. imperialists are now madly trying to provoke a new war of aggression in Korea.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi gang regard all the social and political elements that are supposed to stand in the way of their colonial rule and the aggressive war policy as the objects of suppression. So, they are indiscriminately arresting and imprisoning and even murdering those patriotic people who are fighting against the policy of the U.S. imperialists for aggression and war, and for their right to existence and democratic rights.

All their criminal acts are justified under the pretext of "aggression from the North" or "prevail over communism." These are threadbare stereotyped methods.

The frantic war rackets of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are bringing immeasurable misfortunes and tribulations to the South Korean people.

Now, the South Korean people have been gradually awakened by their bitter experience to the fact that they would not be able to expect any improvement in their living conditions under the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism. Resolved to rise and fight rather than sit idle and die, they have risen in the mass anti-U.S., national salvation struggles.

Their beacon of hope is the northern half of the DPRK where epochal transformations have taken place and new life has been born under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and the sun of the nation. With their road lit by this beacon, they, upholding the line of the South Korean revolution and national unification indicated by the Leader, are gallantly mounting their struggle against tremendous odds.

The evermore intensification of the suppressive measures of the enemy is producing so much the greater resistance of the South Korean people. With renewed confidence in victory, they are further cornering the U.S. imperialisis and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, dealing severe blows to their policy of aggression and war and the fascist colonial rule.

The final destruction of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi gang is inevitable.

The People's Korea

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